





# Tips to help you communicate with a person with sight loss and dementia

Sight loss and dementia can affect people differently. Everyone has a unique experience and it will change over time. These tips are general and need to be adapted for each person, as a consequence.

# When using the top tips on the following page, it is important to:

- Use the individual's senses such as smell, touch and taste to enhance communication e.g. cooking smells can indicate meal times.
- Be careful not to overload someone with too much information.
- Combine verbal and visual cues, if appropriate.
- Be aware of the importance of tone of voice, body posture, facial expression and how these can be interpreted.
- Remember someone with sight loss may adopt different postures, or head positions, to enable them to see better.

### Do the following to create the optimum environment:

- Minimise noise, competing sounds and other distractions.
- Minimise "visual clutter" in the immediate environment and personal attire. Avoid highly patterned furnishings and clothing.
- Ensure lighting levels are consistent, even and controllable.
- Eliminate glare and shadows.
- Increase contrast in key areas.

### There are at least quarter of a million people in the UK living with sight loss and dementia.

### Tips to communicate with confidence

- **1.** Gain an understanding of the impact of someone's experience of sight loss. If they have some vision, position yourself where you can best be seen.
- 2. The four Cs for glasses: check they are Correct, Current, Clean and Comfortable.
- **3.** Gain a person's attention by using their name, introduce yourself and say what you do.
- **4.** In a group conversation, always make it clear who you are, who you are speaking to, introduce any other people present.
- **5.** Tell a person when you are moving away from them or leaving the room.
- **6.** Speak clearly using uncomplicated, short sentences. Give one idea, ask one question, or make one request at a time. If appropriate, combine verbal and visual cues.
- **7.** Follow the OWL principle: Observe, Wait and Listen for responses. If necessary, repeat, reword or rephrase.
- **8.** Use accurate and specific language when giving directions. Instead of "The kitchen is over there," you might say: "The kitchen is through the yellow door on the right, clearly signed".
- **9.** When supporting someone tell them what you are going to be doing, before you do it and verbally reinforce this throughout.
- **10.** Provide information in an alternative and accessible way, using formats such as audio, large print or braille.

Sight Loss Advice Service

## We're here for everyone affected by sight loss.

Get in touch with us on 0303 123 9999 or visit rnib. org.uk/advice

RE20050

You can also contact Alzheimer Scotland Helpline: 0808 808 3000 Visit: Alzscot.org